

EMMANUEL MISSION SR SEC SCHOOL, BEAWAR
ONLINE CLASSES
WEEK – 10 (20.07.2020)
CLASS – VI

English: https://youtu.be/To9-27i_ggo

Hindi: <https://youtu.be/1GIQJISqINM>

Mathematics: <https://youtu.be/KySEw-kspC0>

General Science: Kindly see below

Social Studies: Kindly see below

Sanskrit: <https://youtu.be/DVgO4jN0U0g>

Computer Science: <https://youtu.be/a39amfGqCKY>

General Knowledge: Kindly see below

Moral Science: Kindly see below

Physical Education: <https://youtu.be/1v5k1UwAYMA>

Music (Guitar): <https://youtu.be/BwXpn247hgg>

Music (Keyboard): <https://youtu.be/qPf1J1NoGk0>

Health And Sanitation: <https://youtu.be/4nPlycloXdI>

Art Education: <https://youtu.be/H14leGG84Cw>

EMMANUEL MISSION SR SEC SCHOOL, BEAWAR

SCINENCE

CLASS – VI

Chapter 4: Sorting Materials Into Groups

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS:-

- Q.1 Which of the following is a magnetic material? Answer:- (d) Iron
Q.2 Which of the following is a good conductor of heat? Answer:- (c) Copper
Q.3 Which of the following will dissolve in water? Answer:- (d) Oxygen
Q.4 The property of a substance by which it dissolve in water is: Answer:- (d) Solubility
Q.5 The property of a material to allow the flow of electric current is called- Answer:- (c) Conductivity
Q.6 A substance which allows light to pass through it is: Answer:- (a) Transparent
Q.7 Lustre is a way of describing: Answer:- (a) The shine of a material.
Q.8 Good conductors of electricity can: Answer:- (c) Both (a) and (b)
Q.9 The process of grouping things is based on Answer:- (c) Both (a) and (b)
Q10. Water is a/an: Answer:- (b) Transparent object

FILL IN THE BLANKS:-

- Answer 1. Transparent
Answer 2. Magnetic
Answer 3. Soluble
Answer 4. Dissolved
Answer 5. Lustre
Answer 6. Poor
Answer 7. Opaque
Answer 8. Sink
Answer 9. Bad conductor
Answer 10. Insoluble

STATE TRUE(T) OR FALSE(F) AGAINST THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS :-

- Answer 1. False
Answer 2. False
Answer 3. True
Answer 4. False
Answer 5. True
Answer 6. False
Answer 7. True
Answer 8. True
Answer 9. False
Answer 10. False

Match the items of column A with those of column B:-

Answer:-

<u>Column A</u>	<u>Column B</u>
1. Magnet	(c) Iron
2. Book	(b) Paper
3. Shoes	(d) Leather
4. Bulb	(a) Glass
5. Chair	(f) Wood
6. Sugar	(g) Solute
7. Ornament	(e) Gold

Differentiate the following :-

Answer:- 1. **Good conductor of electricity and bad conductor of electricity.**

Good conductor of electricity:- Materials which allow either heat or electric current to pass through them easily

Bad conductor of electricity:- Materials which do not allow either heat or electric current to pass through them easily

2. **Hard and soft materials**

Hard materials:- Hard materials do not have ability to be squeezed.

Soft materials:- Soft materials have ability to be squeezed.

3. **Floating and sinking materials:-**

Floating materials:- Certain materials float on water are called floating materials. E.g. leaves.

Sinking materials:- Certain materials sink in water are called sinking materials. E.g. metals.

GIVE REASON:-

Answer 1. Because it dissolves many substances in it.

Answer 2. Because glass allow for transparency and also natural light to pass through the window.

VERY SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTION :-

Answer 1:- The shiny appearance of materials.

Answer 2:- Materials that do not allow either heat or electric current to pass through them easily.

Answer 3:- The substance that dissolves in a liquid.

Answer 4:- The object that do not allow light to pass through them.

Answer 5:- The materials which are attracted by a magnet.

Answer 5:- The process of grouping things based on similarities and dissimilarities.

SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTION(I):-

Answer 1. (a) Solute
(b) Solvent
(c) Solution
(d) Water

Answer 2. (a) Lustre
(b) The materials which allow light to pass through them partially.
(c) Liquids which do not mix together.

Answer 3. Five examples of materials having lustre are silver, gold, iron, copper and aluminium. General name which is given to them is metals.

Answer 4. Objects made from (a) Glass - Bulb and mirror
(b) Wood – Chair and table
(c) Metal – Ornaments and utensils

Answer 5. Transparent- The materials which allow light to pass through them easily.
Translucent- The materials which allow light to pass through them partially.
Opaque- The object that do not allow light to pass through them.
Window panes of bathroom made of translucent glass so that we cannot see inside the bathroom.

LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTION :-

Answer 1:- The process of grouping things based on similarities and dissimilarities called classification. Various materials are classified on the basis of similarities and dissimilarities in their properties. Two advantages are:-

- Classification makes the study of things around us convenient and systematic.
- It also helps us to have a general idea about the members of a group.

Answer 2:- Cooking utensils like pressure cookers and frying pans are made of metals but their handles are made of plastic like materials, Bakelite.

Answer 3:- Because separating funnel makes two layers of liquids. The heavier liquid (water) forms the lower layer whereas the lighter liquid (oil) forms the upper layer. Thus the water is first collected in the beaker.

EMMANUEL MISSION SR SEC SCHOOL, BEAWAR
SOCIAL STUDIES
CLASS – VI

Chapter 3: Man As A Farmer And Herder

Q1. Choose the correct answer

1. The Neolithic site of Nagarjunakonda is situated in

- (a) Tamil Nadu (b) Andhra Pradesh (c) Karnataka

2. The new metal used by Aryans was

- (a) Copper (b) tin (c) iron

3. Bronze is an alloy obtained by mixing

- (a) Copper and tin (b) tin and iron (c) iron and copper

Q2. Fill in the blanks

1. Palaeolithic Age was followed by the ----- Age and then by the ----- Age.

Answer- Mesolithic, Neolithic

2. The period between the Old Stone Age and the New Stone Age was marked by a series of -----.

Answer- Several Characteristics

3. Evidence of the New Stone Age in India has been discovered at various sites in -----and -----.

Answer- South India and Uttar Pradesh

4. In the Chalcolithic Age, copper was used along with ----- implements.

Answer- Small stone

Q3. Tick mark right for right statement and wrong for the wrong ones

1. Man discovered fire in the Palaeolithic period.
2. Man led a nomadic life in the Neolithic Age.
3. Copper was mixed with tin or zinc to produce bronze.
4. Agriculture led to a settled life.

Q4. Answer the following questions in 30 to 40 words each:

Q1. Which two discoveries revolutionized Early Man's life?

Answer- Farming and the invention of wheel has changed the life of early man. Because of farming , he also began to domesticate animals which gave him milk and meat . The wheel was used in horse carts and bullock-carts which made transport quite easy and quick.

Q2. Which animals did the New Stone Age man tame first? How did they prove useful?

Answer- He tamed dog and sheep. It was proved useful as it solved his food- problem, could now get fresh milk in addition to getting meat from them. He could now use some animals like horses, bull and camels for riding and ploughing the field .These animals also solved his problem of clothing.

Q3. Name the tools and implements used by man when he became a food producer.

Answer- He made better tools and implements like axes, sickle, bow and arrow. They were beautiful, well –grooved and more useful. His tools and weapons were still made of stone but now they were far better and sharper.

Q4. What metal were first discovered in India? Into which two ages do we divide the Metal Age in India?

Answer- In India, the first metal discovered by our ancestors was copper, followed by zinc and tin. This age is, therefore, called the Copper Age or The Bronze Age.

Q5. In what respect did the Old Stone Age implements differ from the implements used in the New Stone Age?

Answer- In Old Stone Age he made crude stone tools like hand- axes, choppers and flake implements but in New Stone Age he made better tools and implements like axes, sickle, bow and arrow. They were beautiful, well –grooved and more useful. His tools and weapons were still made of stone but now they were far better and sharper.

EMMANUEL MISSION SR SEC SCHOOL, BEAWAR
GENERAL KNOWLEDGE
CLASS – VI
Current Affairs

1. Who is appointed as President of Pradesh Congress Committee (PCC) in Rajasthan?

Ans. Mr. Govind Singh Dotasara.

2. When is the International Yoga Day celebrated?

Ans. 21 June.

3. How many state are there in India?

Ans. 28.

4. How many union territories are there in India ?

Ans. 8.

5. Who is the President of India?

Ans. Mr. Ram Nath Kovind.

EMMANUEL MISSION SR SEC SCHOOL, BEAWAR

MORAL SCIENCE

CLASS – VI

Chapter – 2 : God Takes Care Of Us

A) ANSWERS

- 1) The foreseeing care and guidance of God or nature over the creature of the earth is known as providence
 - 2) One night a robber entered an Arab's house. He stole many things from the ground floor. Then he went up stairs. A baby was sleeping over there in a small cot. Fearing that the child would wake up and he would be caught, he carried the child outside. He came again inside the house for more valuable things. The little child began to cry outside. The Arab and his wife woke up and rushed outside. No sooner were they out of the house the roof collapsed under the snow and they saved.
 - 3) Sometimes God uses little things to achieve great ends. Difficulties and problems are a very important part of life . It is a consolation to think that these difficulties are all given by God. They come as trials so that we can improve ourselves and can change into better humanbeings.
 - 4) Here father refers to 'God' and God cares all of us like his little child no matter what the situation is.
- B)** God is watching things and gently making us strong so that we can accept problems of life gracefully. Human beings cannot grasp plans of God easily. So here the term expressed as 'He writes straight with crooked line.'

HOME WORK

- C) Write any one of the incidents about how God helped you when you were in great difficulty?**
- D) Your resolutions**